Whitepaper: Smart Beta Funds - A Strategic Investment Approach to Passive Investing

Smart Beta Funds are a specialized category of passive funds that replicate or track strategy indices, often referred to as Smart Beta indices. Unlike traditional passive funds, which simply mirror broad market indices, Smart Beta Funds utilize specific strategies to enhance returns and manage risk. In the Indian market, several such strategy indices are available, catering to diverse investor needs and preferences.

These funds provide investors with the flexibility to tailor their investment strategies according to specific market segments or themes, offering the potential for enhanced returns and better risk management. By carefully selecting and combining different Smart Beta strategies, investors can create a diversified portfolio that may outperform traditional broad market indices under various market conditions.

1. Introduction

In the dynamic world of investments, understanding the fundamental concepts of Beta and Alpha is crucial. While these terms may sound complex, they are straightforward and play an essential role in portfolio management. This whitepaper explores the concepts of Beta and Alpha and introduces Smart Beta Funds as a strategic investment approach designed to potentially outperform traditional market indices.

As passive investing gains popularity, Smart Beta strategies have emerged as a bridge between traditional passive funds and active management, offering a more tailored approach to capturing market inefficiencies.

2. Beta and Alpha: The Basics

2.1. What is Beta?

Beta is a measure of the volatility, or 'systematic risk,' of a security or portfolio in comparison to the market. For example, a company in a cyclical industry like steel may have inherent risks, making its stock more volatile than the overall market. This leads to a high Beta for the stock. Similarly, if a portfolio combines various securities and exhibits higher volatility than the market, it may also be considered to have a high Beta.

• Market Beta: The market, ideally diversified across various securities, is said to have a Beta of one (1). Stocks with more risk than the market have a Beta higher than 1, while those with less risk have a Beta lower than 1.

Table 1: Understanding Beta

Beta Value	Interpretation	
1.0	Moves in line with the market	
> 1.0	More volatile than the market	
< 1.0	Less volatile than the market	

2.2. What is Alpha?



If you invest in a stock with a Beta of 1.2, you expect a 20% higher return than the market due to the stock's inherent systematic risk. However, merely achieving this return is not enough—it is expected given the risk taken. Alpha refers to the excess return generated by a fund manager or portfolio over the expected return given the Beta. Alpha is crucial in assessing a portfolio's performance relative to its risk.

3. Smart Beta: An Innovative Approach

3.1. Extending Alpha to Passive Funds

While Alpha is typically associated with actively managed funds, the concept can be extended to passive funds through Smart Beta strategies. Unlike traditional passive funds, which replicate an underlying index without attempting to outperform the market, Smart Beta funds are based on indices designed to potentially beat the market.

**** Defining the Market

The market typically refers to broad-market indices like Sensex or Nifty, diversified across sectors and based on market capitalization. However, Smart Beta indices challenge the traditional market by applying specific rules that may outperform parent indices, especially during certain market conditions.

4. Smart Beta Funds

Smart Beta Funds are a specialized category of passive funds that replicate or track strategy indices, often referred to as Smart Beta indices. Unlike traditional passive funds, which simply mirror broad market indices, Smart Beta Funds utilize specific strategies to enhance returns and manage risk. In the Indian market, several such strategy indices are available, catering to diverse investor needs and preferences.

5. Popular Strategy Indices in India

Smart Beta strategies can be applied to various segments of the market, allowing for numerous combinations. Some of the most popular strategy indices include:

Table 2: Key Strategies & Their Potential Outcome

Strategy	Focus	Potential Outcome	
Value	Undervalued stocks	Gains as market corrects undervaluation	
Growth	High-growth stocks	Capital appreciation as growth materializes	
Quality	Strong fundamentals	Stability and consistent returns	
Momentum	Upward price trends	Capitalize on ongoing price movements	
Dividend Opportunities	High dividend-yielding stocks	Regular income and potential appreciation	
Alpha	Excess returns over market	over market Outperformance of traditional benchmarks	
Low Volatility	Low price fluctuation	Reduced risk and smoother returns	
Equal Weight	Equal exposure to all stocks	Enhanced diversification and risk management	



6. Case Study: Equal Weight Strategy

The Equal Weight strategy serves as a compelling example of how Smart Beta Funds can offer distinct risk-return profiles compared to their parent indices. Consider an investor seeking broad-based exposure by choosing a fund based on the Nifty 500 index. Traditionally, this index is market-cap weighted, meaning that large-cap stocks (the top 100) dominate the portfolio, accounting for nearly 73% of the total investment. This concentration effectively means that despite aiming for diversification, the investor ends up with a portfolio heavily skewed towards large caps.

Table 3: Comparison of Nifty 500 vs. Equal Weight Strategy

Portfolio Composition	Nifty 500 (Market-Cap Weighted)	Equal Weight Strategy
Large Caps (Top 100)	73%	20%
Mid Caps (Next 150)	27%	30%
Small Caps (Last 250)	<1%	50%

In contrast, the Equal Weight strategy allocates an equal amount to each of the 500 stocks. This results in a more diversified portfolio with 20% exposure to large caps, 30% to midcaps, and 50% to small caps. As a result, the investor achieves broader market exposure, aligning more closely with their original investment intent.

Performance Analysis

This approach has proven advantageous in recent market conditions, with the Equal Weight strategy generating a 56% return over the last year, compared to 39% for the Nifty 500 (as of July 31, 2024). This significant outperformance highlights the potential benefits of adopting a Smart Beta strategy.

Table 4: Performance Comparison

Index/Fund	1-Year Return (as of July 31, 2024)
Nifty 500 Index	39%
Equal Weight Strategy	56%

7. Conclusion

Smart Beta Funds provide investors with the flexibility to tailor their investment strategies according to specific market segments or themes, offering the potential for enhanced returns and risk management. By carefully selecting and combining different Smart Beta strategies, investors can create a diversified portfolio that may outperform traditional broad market indices under various market conditions.

However, while these strategies can offer significant advantages, they also come with their own set of risks. Investors should thoroughly understand the underlying strategies and market conditions to effectively leverage the benefits of Smart Beta Funds.

^subject to tracking errors. However, there is no assurance that the investment objective of the Scheme will be achieved.

*Volume Share on the NSE and BSE for Q1 FY25

Definition of Large, Mid & Small cap based on SEBI Categorization and Rationalization of Mutual Fund Schemes

#Low cost in terms of total expense ratio

Source: MFI, AMFI and Internal analysis,

The number of sectors mentioned are as of July 2024 and are subject to change. Sector classification is as per AMFI.

Nippon India Nifty 500 Equal Weight Index Fund

(An open-ended scheme replicating/tracking Nifty 500 Equal Weight Index)

This product is suitable for investors who are seeking*:

- Long term capital growth
- Investments in equity and equity related securities and portfolio replicating the composition of the Nifty 500 Equal Weight Index, subject to tracking errors
- *Investors should consult their financial advisors if in doubt about whether the product is suitable for them.



